

TEE-906 Advanced Combustion Kinetics

Course Objectives

1. The objectives of “Advanced Combustion Kinetics” course are:
 - a. To develop fundamental understanding of chemical kinetics relevant for thermal engineering applications
 - b. To develop in-depth understanding of transition state theory and Lindemann theory
 - c. To identify advantages and limitations of various experimental techniques used in chemical kinetics

Course Contents

2. Contents with suggested contact hours

No.	Topics	Contact Hours
a.	Introduction to Chemical Kinetics <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reaction Orders• Molecularity• Determination of reaction orders and rate coefficients• A comparison of the techniques• Dependence on temperature• Thermodynamics and its relationship to kinetics• Parallel and consecutive reactions	6
b.	Experimental Techniques <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Classical Techniques• Discharge flow• Detection technique for discharge flow apparatus• Liquid and stopped-flow systems• Flash photolysis	6

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detection technique for flash photolysis experiments • Shock tubes • Relative rate determinations • Relaxation techniques • Temperature control and measurement 	
c.	<p>Bimolecular Reactions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collision theory • Transition state theory (TST) • Thermodynamic formulation of TST • Experimental evidence for transition state theory • Applications of transition state theory 	6
d.	<p>Reaction Dynamics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collision of real molecules • Experimental reaction dynamics • Reaction dynamics and potential energy surfaces • Calculation of kinetic properties from potential energy surfaces • Variational transition state theory 	6
e.	<p>Unimolecular and Associated Reactions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lindemann Theory • Comparison of experimental data with Lindemann theory • Contribution of the rate of reaction • Hinshelwood-RRK Modifications • High pressure limit • Low pressure rate coefficient • Strong collision assumptions 	9

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vibrational energy redistribution • Associated reactions • Physical basis for association reactions 	
f.	Explosions and Branched Chain Reactions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Thermal explosion • Branched chain reactions • Hydrocarbon oxidation 	6
g.	Negative Feedback and Oscillatory Behavior <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscillatory behavior in well stirred reactor • Cool flames • Belousov-Zhabotinskii reaction • Representation of oscillatory behavior 	6
		45

Outcomes

3. By the end of this course students will be able to:
- Recall the basic concepts of chemical kinetics
 - Have in depth understanding of bimolecular reactions, unimolecular and association reactions
 - Distinguish between numerous experimental techniques used in chemical kinetics
 - List the advantages and limitations of numerous laser diagnostic techniques
 - Propose experimental setup to perform combustion kinetics measurements
 - Details of lab work, workshops practice (if applicable).

4. **Recommended Reading (including Textbooks and Reference books).**

	Title	Author(s)	Remarks
a.	Reaction Kinetics	Pilling and Seakins	Text Book
b.	Chemical kinetics and dynamics	Steinfeld, Francisco and Hase	Reference Book