

## Professional Ethics

Code	Credit Hours
HU-223	3-0

### Course Description

Ethics is both an academic “subject” and a thoughtful way of doing things. Theoretical Ethics is concerned with determining what is right (with regard to principles and actions) and what is good (what ends or ideals are worth pursuing and what values are worth holding). Whereas Applied Ethics is the art of figuring out how to make things better rather than worse with regard to concrete or actual situations. Since Professional Ethics is a type of applied ethics, the course shall be concerned with principles applied and actions taken in the workplace and the boardroom. At the same time, since professional practice is inseparable from the rest of human life, Professional Ethics shall also take account of the well-being of human society and the natural environment.

### Text Book:

1. Manuel G. Velasquez, Pearson Education, Inc., Business Ethics – Concepts and Cases, New Jersey, 2006

### Reference Book:

1. Business Ethics by Marianne M. Jennings.
2. Business Ethics by Joseph W. Weiss.
3. Engineering Ethics Concepts and Cases by Charles E Harris.
4. Ethical Business by Linda Ferrell & O.C Ferrell.
5. Inner Excellence by Jim Murphy.
6. A Guide to Ethics by Steven Luper.
7. Ethics for life by Judith A Boss.
8. Moral Intelligence by Doug Lennick & Fred Kiel.
9. The Seven Habits of Highly Effective People by Stephan R. Covey
10. Winning Attitudes by Mr. Aslam Bazmi

### Prerequisites

Nil

### ASSESSMENT SYSTEM FOR THEORY

Quizzes	10%
Assignments	10%
Mid Terms	30%
ESE	50%

## Teaching Plan

Week No	Topics	Learning Outcomes
1	<b>Introduction to the course</b>	Course Outline, objectives, teaching plan, assessment method, etc.
2-6	<b>Ethics &amp; Business</b>  <b>Moral Reasoning</b>	Morality & Ethics Business Ethics Objections to Business Ethics Technology and Business Ethics Globalization and Business Ethics Business and Ethical Relativism Corporate social Responsibility (CSR) Leadership and Organizational skills/culture Kohlberg's theory of Moral Development (Pre-conventional, Conventional, Post Conventional) Analyzing Moral reasoning Challenges involved in ethical decision making Moral Behavior and its Impediments
7-8	<b>Moral Responsibility and Blame</b>  <b>Utilitarianism: Weighing social costs and benefits</b>	Responsibility and blame Responsibility for cooperating with Evil Reasons for unethical behavior Risk management  Traditional Utilitarianism & Deontological approach Measurement Problems with Utilitarianism Rights and Justice Problems with Utilitarianism
9	<b>MID TERM EXAM</b>	
10-12	<b>Rights and Duties</b>  <b>Justice and Fairness</b>	The Concept of Rights Negative and Positive Rights Contractual Rights and Duties Kant's theory of Moral Rights Kantian Right and its problems The Libertarian Objection: Nozick Distributive Justice (Egalitarian, Capitalist Justice, Socialism, Libertarianism, Justice as Fairness by John Rawls Retributive Justice Compensatory Justice

<p>13-17</p>	<p><b>The Ethics of Care</b></p> <p><b>Virtue Ethics</b></p> <p><b>Unconscious Moral Decisions</b></p> <p><b>The Business System: Government, Markets and International Trade</b></p>	<p>Partiality and Care          Objections to Ethics of Care          Discrimination and respect for diversity          Sexual Harassment          The Nature of Virtue &amp; Moral Virtue          Theories of Moral Virtue          Challenges to Virtue Theory          Virtues and Principles          Unconscious Decision making          Cultural Influences and Intuition</p> <p>Free Markets and Rights: John Locke          Free Markets and Utility: Adam Smith          Free Trade and Utility: David Ricardo          Marx and Justice: Criticizing Free Markets and Free Trade          The Mixed Economy</p>
<p>18</p>	<p><b>END TERM EXAM</b></p>	